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CLAIMS

1-47. (Canceled).

48. (New) A method for preparing a granular, non-pasting, hydroxyall.ylated cold water soluble starch, comprising the steps of:

providing a starch; and

reacting said starch in an aqueous slurry with a starch hydroxyalkylating agent in the presence of an alcohol and an alkali metal at a temperature effective to produce a granular, non-pasting hydroxyalkylated starch having a level of hycroxyalkyl substitution of about 10% or greater; and

crosslinking said starch with a poly-functional crosslinking agent.

- 49. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein said poly-functional crosslinking agent is selected from among phosphorus oxychloride and epichlorohydrin.
- 50. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein the level of hydroxyalkyl substitution ranges from about 10% to about 20% after hydroxyalkylation.
- 51. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein the level of hydroxyalkyl substitution ranges from about 10% to about 16% after hydroxyalkylation.
- 52. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein said temperature ranges from about 90° to about 110°C.
- 53. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein the reaction of starch with the hydroxyalkylating agent occurs for a time period ranging from about 1.5 hours to about 2 hours.

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- 54. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein said hydroxyalky lating agent is propylene oxide or ethylene oxide.
- 55. (New) A method according to claim 48, wherein said hydroxyalkylating agent is ethylene oxide.
- 56. (New) A method for preparing a granular, non-pasting, hydroxyalkylated cold water soluble starch, comprising the steps of:

providing a starch; and

reacting said starch in an aqueous slurry with a starch hydroxyalkylating agent in the presence of an alcohol and an alkali metal and a poly-functional crosslinking agent at a temperature effective to produce a granular, non-pasting, crosslinked hydroxyalkylated starch having a level of hydroxyalkyl substitution of about 10% or greater.

- 57. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein said poly-functional crosslinking agent is selected from among phosphorus oxychloride and epichlorohydrin.
- 58. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein the level of hydroxyalkyl substitution ranges from about 10% to about 20% after hydroxyalkylation.
- 59. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein the level of hydroxyalkyl substitution ranges from about 10% to about 16% after hydroxyalkylation.
- 60. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein said temperature ranges from about 90°C to about 110°C.
- 61. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein the reaction of starch with the hydroxyalkylating agent occurs for a time period ranging from about 1.5 hours to about 2 hours.